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Simplifying Big Data ...with Hadoop

Denny Lee, Senior Director, Data Platform
Concur Technologies



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Large

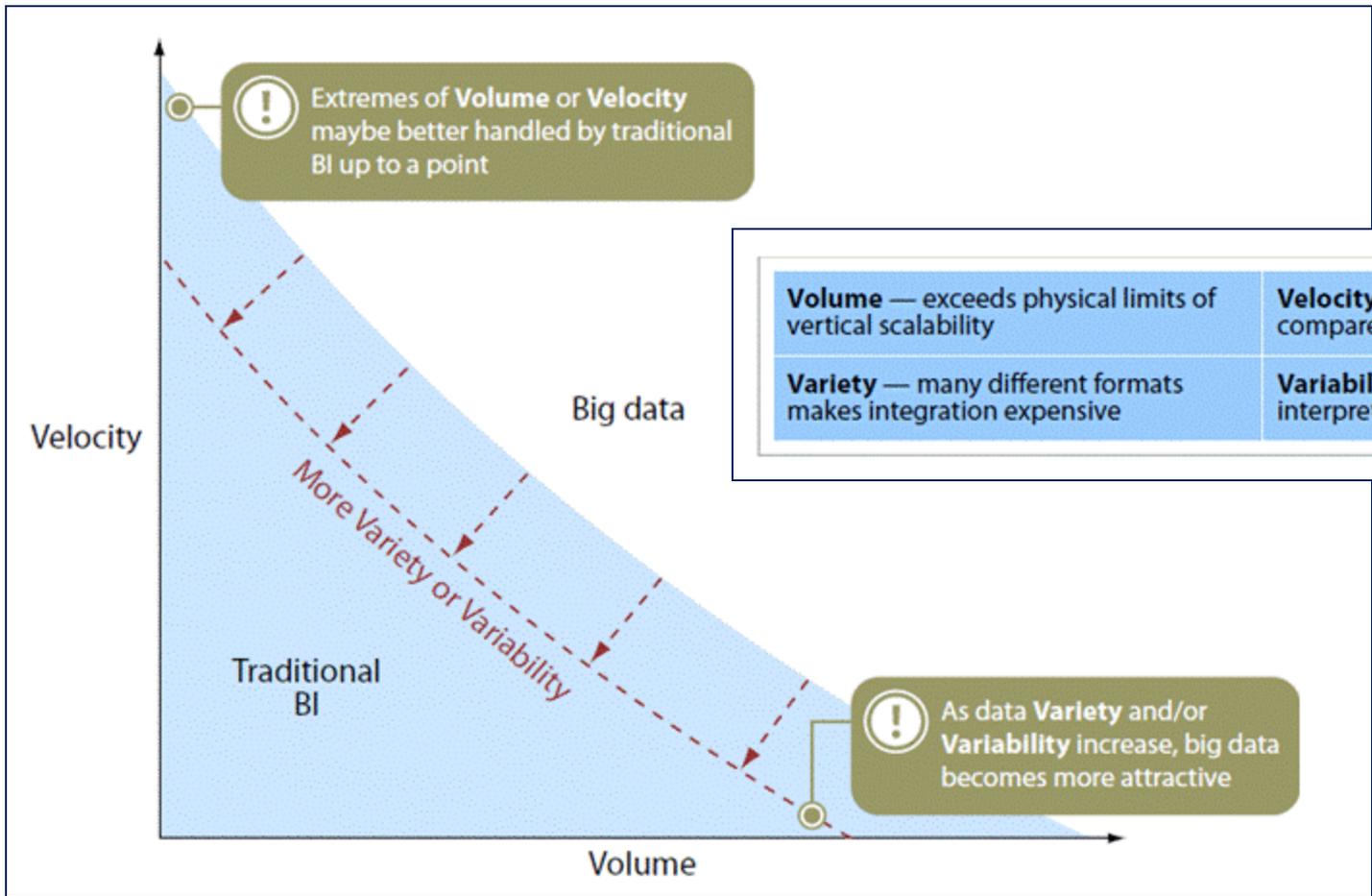


Complex



Unstructured

What is Big Data?



A Definition of Big Data - 4Vs: volume, velocity, variability, variety

Big data: techniques and technologies that make handling data at extreme scale economical.



Scale Up!

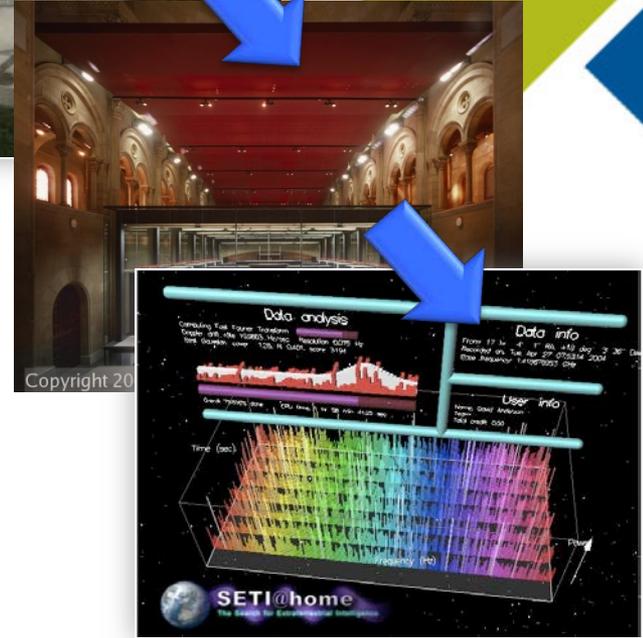
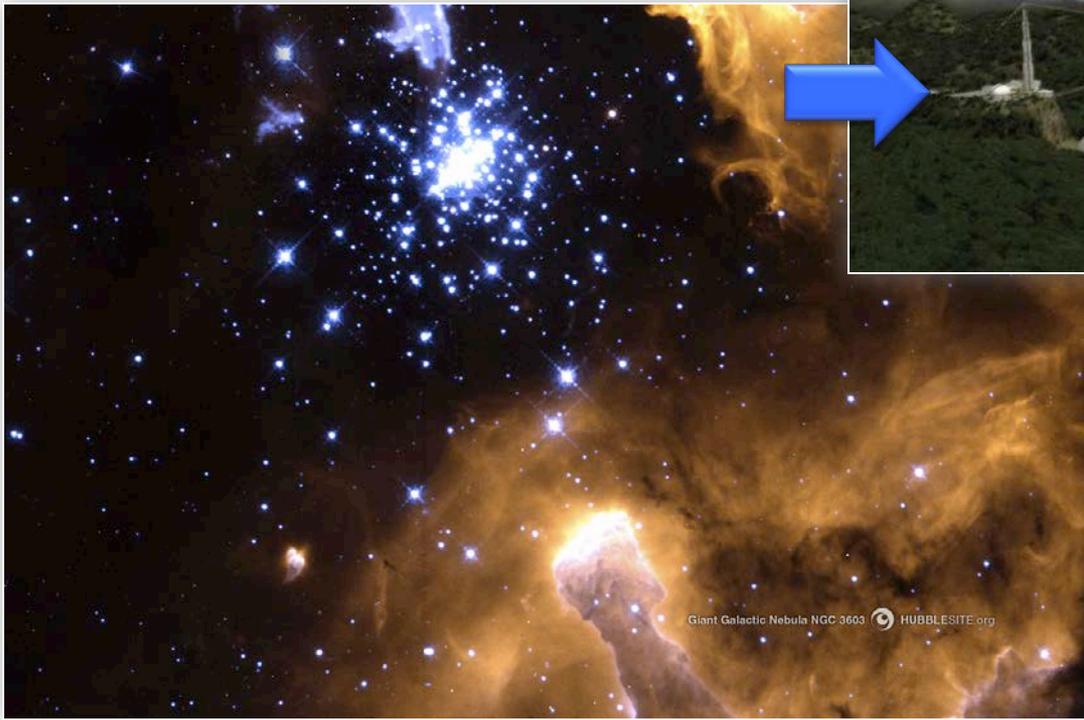
With the power of the Hubble telescope, we can take amazing pictures 45M light years away

Amazing image of the Antennae Galaxies (NGC 4038-4039)

Analogous with scale up:

- non-commodity
- specialized equipment
- single point of failure*





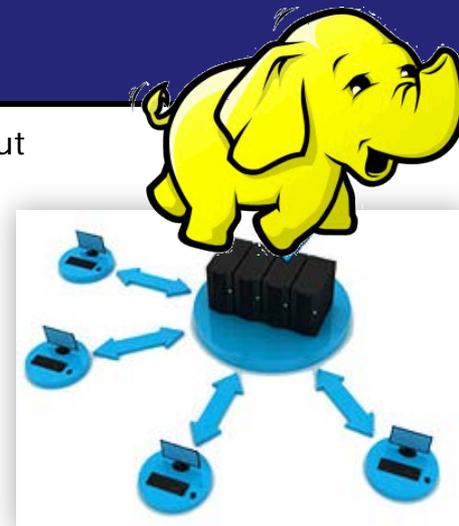
Scale Out | Commoditized Distribution

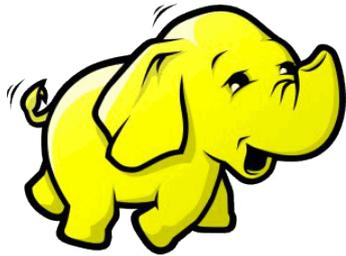
Hubble can provide an amazing view Giant Galactic Nebula (NGC 3503) but how about radio waves?

- Not just from one area but from *all areas viewed* by observatories
- SETI @ Home: 5.2M participants, 10^{21} floating point operations¹, 769 teraFLOPS²

Analogous with commoditized distributed computing

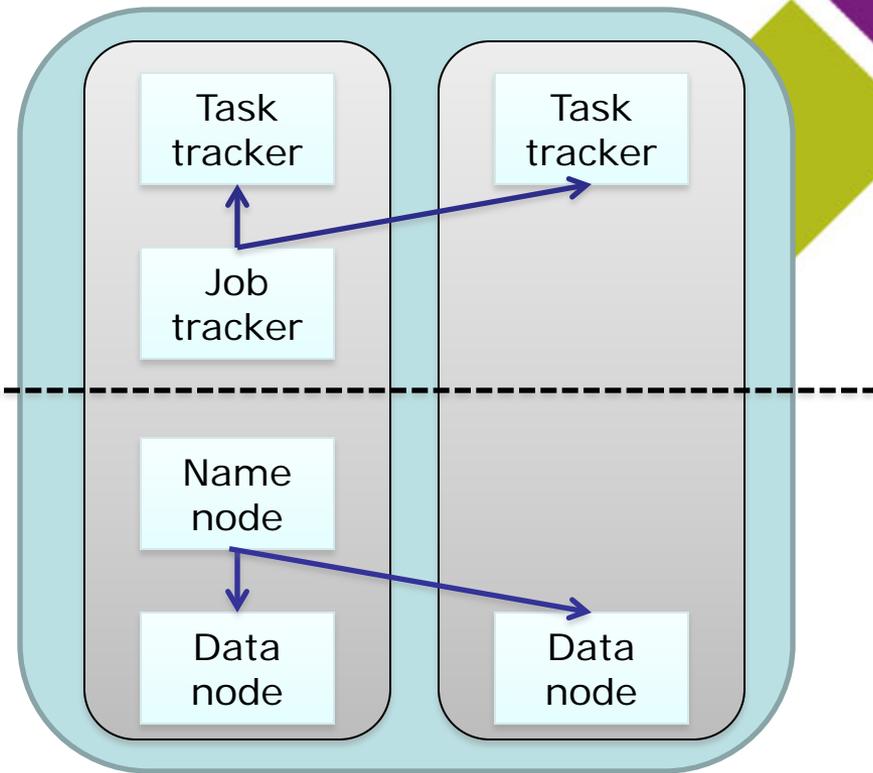
- Distributed and calculated locally
- Engage with hundreds, thousands, + machines
- Many points of failure, auto-replication prevents this from being a problem





Map Reduce
Layer

HDFS
Layer



Reference:

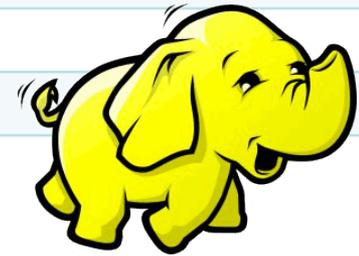
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Hadoop_1.png

What is Hadoop?

- Synonymous with the Big Data movement
- Infrastructure to automatically distribute and replicate data across multiple nodes and execute and track map reduce jobs across all of those nodes
- Inspired by Google's Map Reduce and GFS papers
- Components are: Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), Map Reduce, Job Tracker, and Task Tracker
- *Based on the Yahoo! "Nutch" project in 2003, became Hadoop in 2005 named after Doug Cutting's son's toy elephant*

	Traditional RDBMS	MapReduce
Data Size	Gigabytes (<i>Terabytes</i>)	Petabytes (<i>Hexabytes</i>)
Access	Interactive and Batch	Batch
Updates	Read / Write many times	Write once, Read many times
Structure	Static Schema	Dynamic Schema
Integrity	High (ACID)	Low (BASE)
Scaling	Nonlinear	Linear
DBA Ratio	1:40	1:3000

Reference: Tom White's
Hadoop: The Definitive Guide



Comparing RDBMS and MapReduce



example

- WordCount demo
- Map/Reduce
- HiveQL on a weblog sample

Sample Java MapReduce WordCount Function

```
// Map Reduce is broken out into a Map function and reduce function
// -----

// Sample Map function: tokenizes string and establishes the tokens
// e.g. "a b\tc\nd" is now an key value pairs representing [a, b, c, d]
```

```
public void map(Object key, Text value, Context context
                ) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    StringTokenizer itr = new StringTokenizer(value.toString());
    while (itr.hasMoreTokens()) {
        word.set(itr.nextToken());
        context.write(word, one);
    }
}
```

```
// Sample Reduce function: does the count of these key value pairs
```

```
public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,
                  Context context
                  ) throws IOException,
                  InterruptedException {
    int sum = 0;
    for (IntWritable val : values) {
        sum += val.get();
    }
    result.set(sum);
    context.write(key, result);
}
```

```
The Project Gutenberg eBook of The Notebooks of Leonardo Da Vinci, Complete  
by Leonardo Da Vinci  
(#3 in our series by Leonardo Da Vinci)
```

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```
**Welcome To The World of Free Plain
```

```
**eBooks Readable By Both Humans and
```

```
*****These eBooks Were Prepared By T
```

```
Title: The Notebooks of Leonardo Da
```

```
Author: Leonardo Da Vinci
```

```
...
```

Code to execute:

```
hadoop jar AcmeWordCount.jar  
AcmeWordCount /test/davinci.txt  
/test/davinci_wordcount
```

Purpose: To perform count of number of words within the said davinci.txt

```
laws      2  
Project   5
```

```
...
```

Query a Sample WebLog using HiveQL

// Sample Generated Log

```
588.891.552.388,-,08/05/2011,11:00:02,W3SVC1,CTSSVR14,-,-,0,-  
,200,-,GET,/c.gif,Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; rv:5.0)  
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/5.0,http://foo.live.com/cid-  
4985109174710/blah?fdkjafdf,[GUID],-,MSFT,  
&PageID=1234&Region=89191&IsoCy=BR&Lang=1046&Referrer=hotmail.c  
om&ag=2385105&Campaign=&Event=12034
```



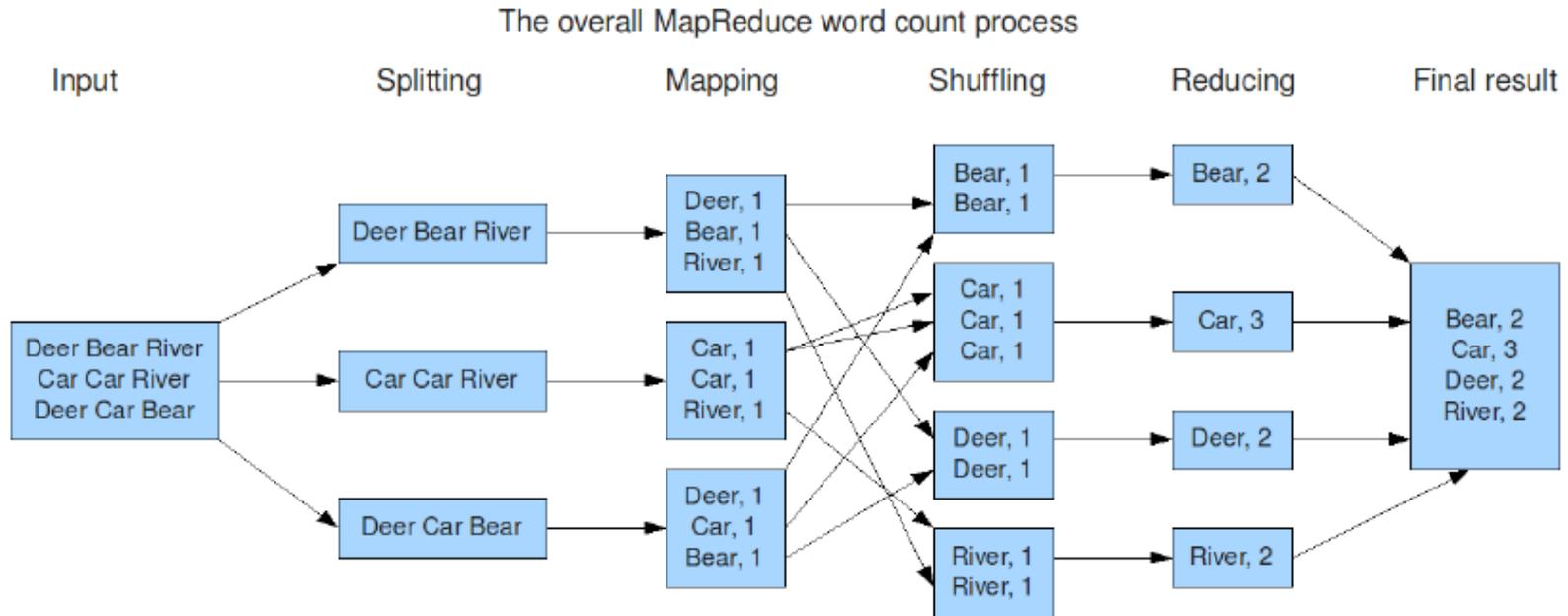
GUID	PUID	Parameters
[GUID]	[PUID]	&PageID=1234&Region=89191&IsoCy=BR&Lang=1046&Referrer=hotmail.com&ag=2385105&Campaign=&Event=12034



```
select  
  GUID,  
  str_to_map("param", "&", "=") [ "IsoCy", "Lang" ],  
  str_to_map("param", "&", "=") [ "IsoCy", "Lang" ]  
from  
weblog;
```

HiveQL: SQL-like language

- Write SQL-like query which becomes MapReduce functions
- Includes functions like **str_to_map** so one can perform parsing functions in HiveQL



A great Map Reduce Tutorial can be found at:

http://hci.stanford.edu/courses/cs448g/a2/files/map_reduce_tutorial.pdf

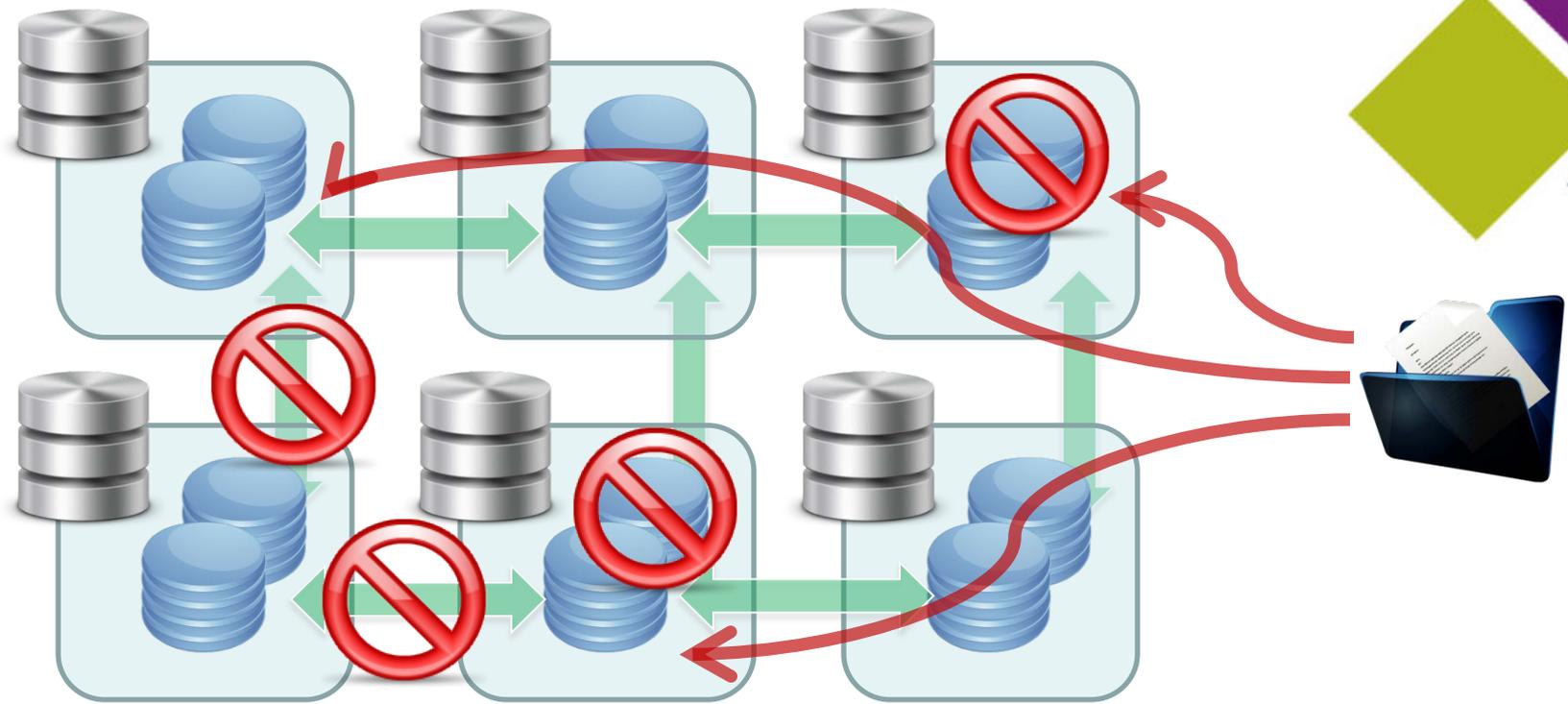


Traditional RDBMS: Move Data to Compute

As you process more and more data, and you want interactive response

- Typically need more expensive hardware
- Failures at the points of disk and network can be quite problematic
- It's all about ACID: atomicity, consistency, isolation, durability
- Can work around this problem with more expensive HW and systems
- Though distribution problem becomes harder to do





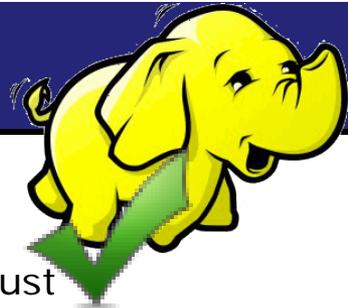
Hadoop / NoSQL: Move Compute to the Data

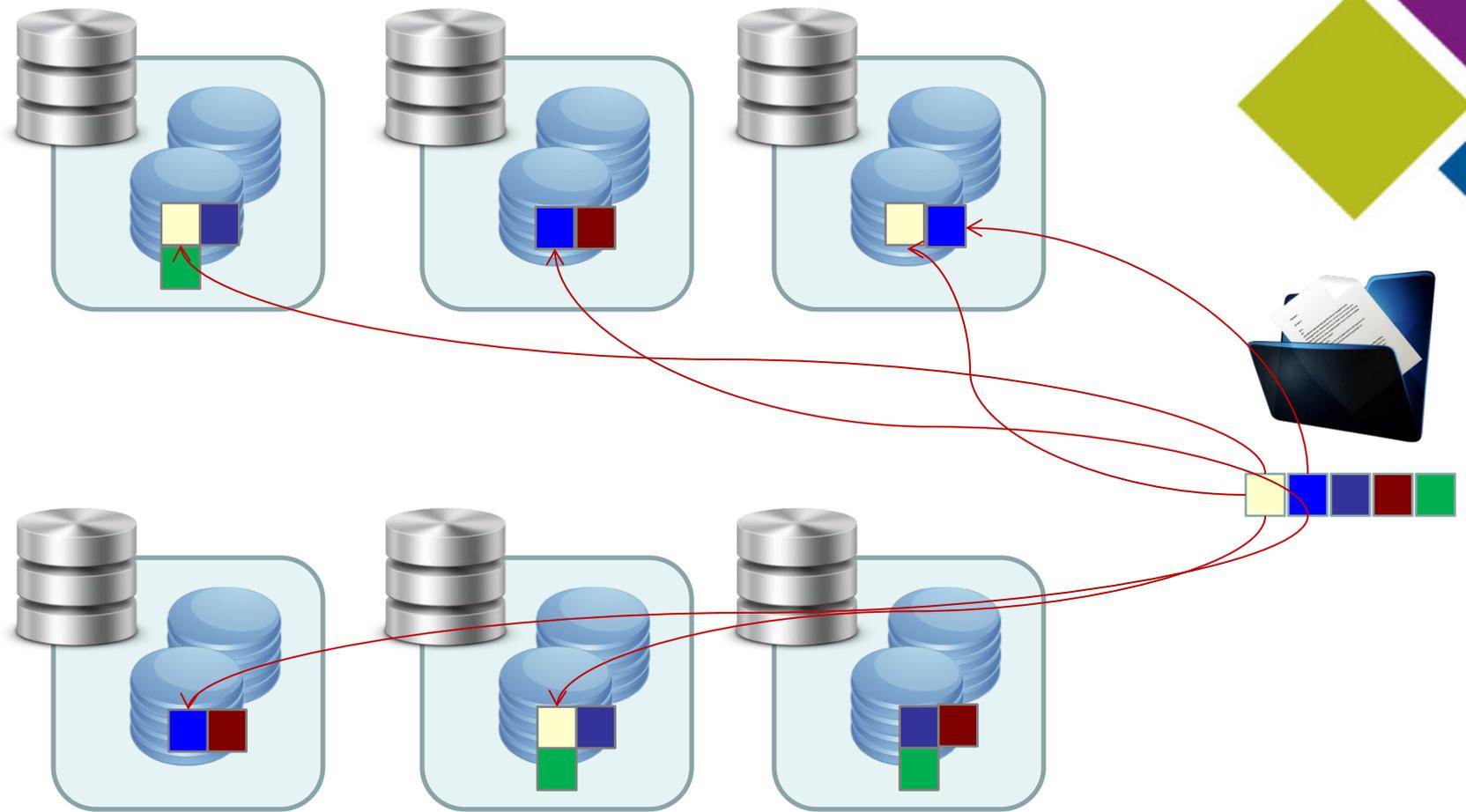
Hadoop (and NoSQL in general) follows the Map Reduce framework

- Developed initially by Google -> Map Reduce and Google File system
- Embraced by community to develop MapReduce algorithms that are very robust
- Built Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) to auto-replicate data to multiple nodes
- And execute a single MR task on all/many nodes available on HDFS

Use commodity HW: no need for specialized and expensive network and disk

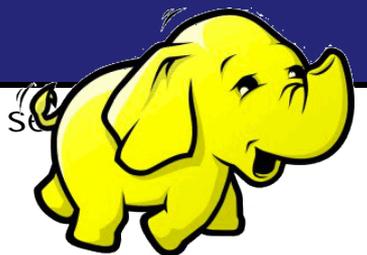
Not so much ACID, but BASE (basically available, soft state, eventually consistent)



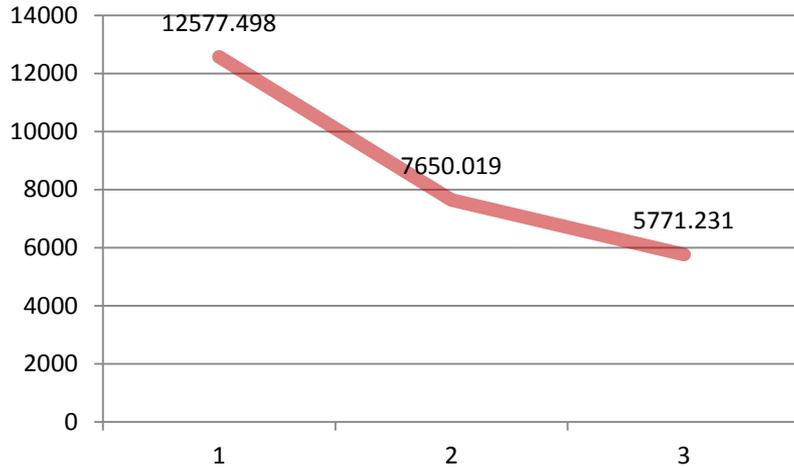


Hadoop: Auto-replication

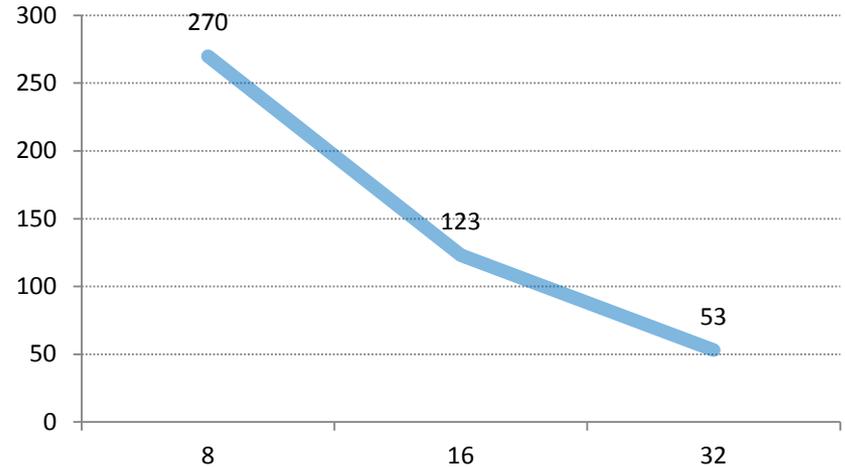
- Hadoop processes data in 64MB chunks and then replicates to different servers
- Replication value set at the `hdfs-site.xml`, `dfs.replication` node



HiveQL Query



TeraSort



Distribution, Linear Scalability

- Key facet is that as more nodes are added, the more can be calculated, faster (*minus overhead*)
- Designed for Batch systems (though this will change in the near future)
- Roughly linear scalability for HiveQL query as well as TeraSort



Cassandra
Hive
Scribe
Hadoop



Hadoop
Oozie
Pig (-latin)



BackType
Hadoop
Pig / Hbase
Cassandra



MR/GFS
Bigtable
Dremel
...



SimpleDB
Dynamo
EC2 / S3
...

NoSQL ecosystem | open source, commodity

Mahout | Scalable machine learning and data mining

MongoDB | Document-oriented database (C++)

Couchbase | CouchDB (doc dB) + Membase (memcache protocol)

Hbase | Hadoop column-store database

R | Statistical computing and graphics

Pegasus | Peta-scale graph mining system

Lucene | full-featured text search engine library

15 out of 17

sectors in the US have more data stored per company than the US Library of Congress

140,000-190,000

more deep analytical talent positions



1.5 million

more data savvy managers in the US alone

50-60%

increase in the number of Hadoop developers within organizations already using Hadoop within a year

€250 billion

Potential annual value to Europe's public sector

\$300 billion

Potential annual value to US healthcare

NoSQL ecosystem | business value



[How Facebook moved 30 petabytes of Hadoop data](#)

... the migration proved that disaster recovery is possible with Hadoop clusters. This could be an important capability for organizations considering relying on Hadoop (by running Hive atop the Hadoop Distributed File System) as a data warehouse, like Facebook does. As Yang notes, "Unlike a traditional warehouse using SAN/NAS storage, HDFS-based warehouses lack built-in data-recovery functionality. We showed that it was possible to efficiently keep an active multi-petabyte cluster properly replicated, with only a small amount of lag."



This illustrates a new thesis or collective wisdom emerging from the Valley: If a technology is not your core value-add, it should be open-sourced because then others can improve it, and potential future employees can learn it. This rising tide has lifted all boats, and is just getting started.

Kovas Boguta: [Hadoop & Startups: Where Open Source Meets Business Data](#)



APPENDIX

To Hadoop...and Beyond!



- Hadoop: The Definitive Guide
- Apache Hadoop YARN: Moving beyond MapReduce and Batch Processing with Apache Hadoop 2
- Impala: <http://impala.io>
- Spark: <http://spark.apache.org>
- Kafka: <https://kafka.apache.org>
- Mesos: <http://mesos.apache.org>



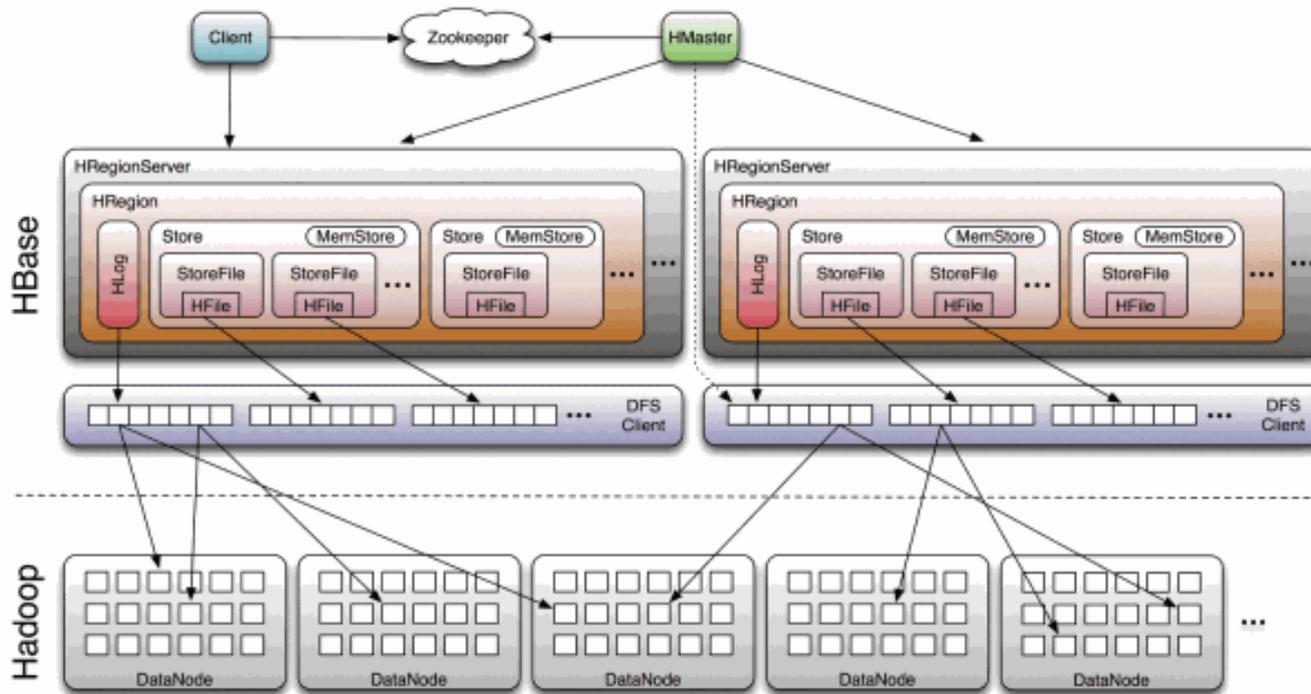
NoSQL



- As David DeWitt described in the PASS 2011 Day 3 Keynote, the NoSQL is analogous to OLTP (as Hadoop is to BI)
- Comprised of many components: HBase, Cassandra, MongoDB, CouchBase, Memcached, etc.
- Implementations of Google's BigTable – distributed storage system for managing structured data at very large sizes



HBase



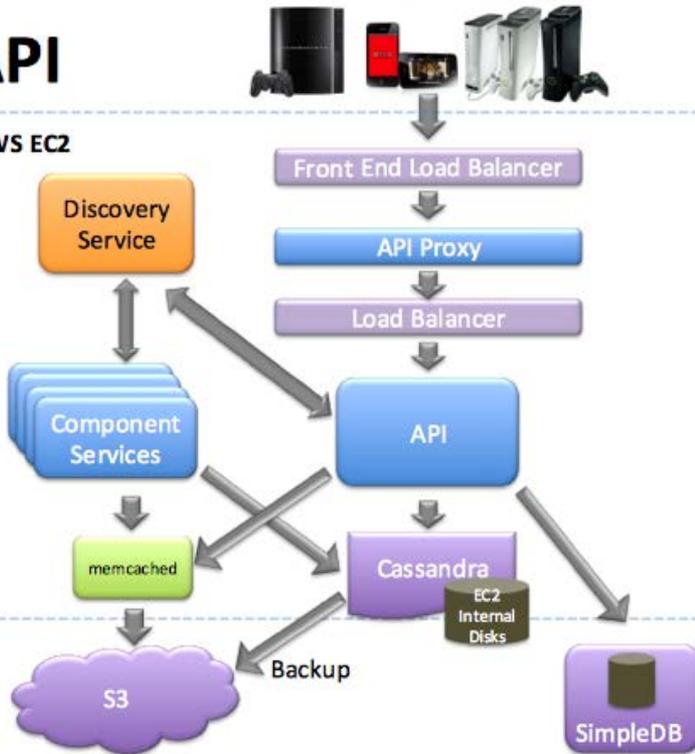
- Efficient at Random Reads/Writes
- Distributed, large scale data store
- Utilizes Hadoop for persistence
- Both HBase and Hadoop are distributed

Cassandra (Netflix)



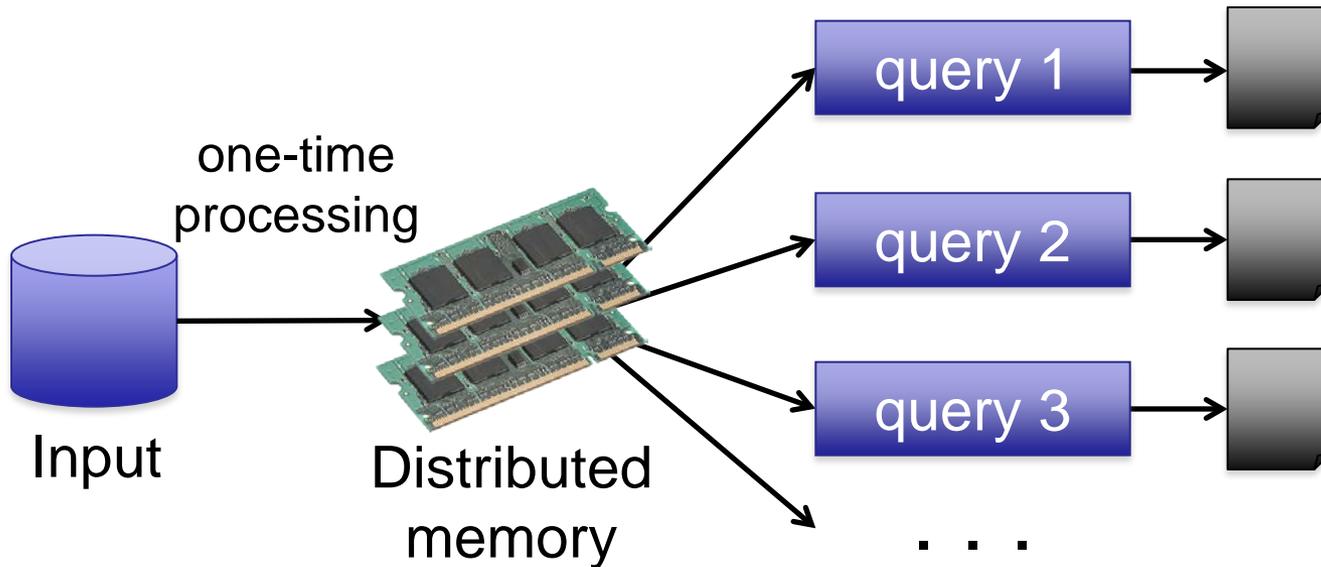
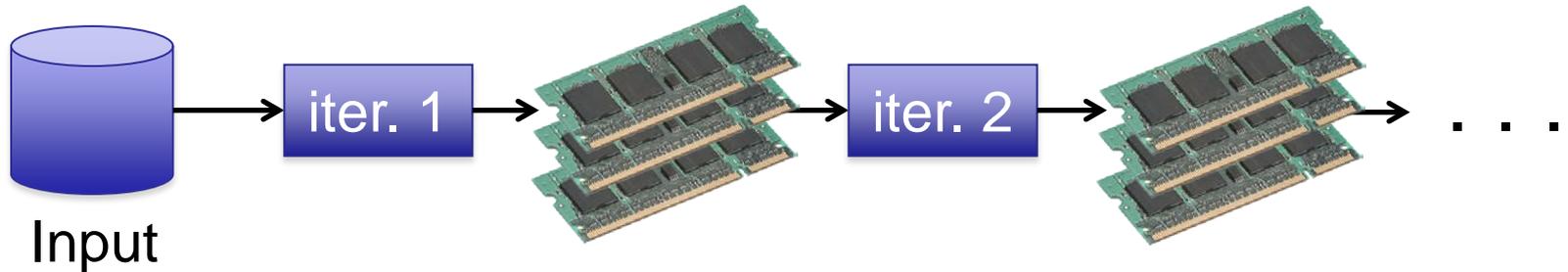
API

AWS EC2



- Reference: Migrating Netflix from Oracle to Global Cassandra (<http://www.slideshare.net/adrianc/migrating-netflix-from-oracle-to-global-cassandra>)
- Migrate from Oracle to Cassandra
- Move to the Cloud (AWS in this case)
- Showcase on how Big Data and Cloud work hand-in-hand
-  Cassandra is based on Google's GFS and Amazon's Dynamo papers
- Does NOT require Hadoop

Spark



10-100 × faster than network and disk



Q&A



ACM: The Learning Continues...

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