# **TEST 10:**

# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, ITS PROTECTION, AND PREEMPTION

# **Multiple Choice:**

- 1. Which of the following falls into the category of *computer crime*?
  - A. Hacking
  - B. Identity theft
  - C. Infringements of copyright and patents
  - D. All the above

## Answer: D

- **2.** When will computer crime cease to exist?
  - A. After it becomes adaptive.
  - B. After it becomes maladaptive.
  - C. Never (it provides job security of law enforcement personnel).
  - D. When total prevention is in place.

Answer: B

- **3.** Hactivism is:
  - A. illegal because it involves illegal hacking that inflicts damage to intellectual property of others.
  - B. illegal because the Internet is a non-partisan medium that does not allow for political rhetoric.
  - C. legal because is motivated by good intentions.
  - D. legal because it is protected by First Amendment.

## Answer: A

- **4.** Is hiring former hackers to enhance company's computer system security a good idea or a bad idea? Why?
  - A. Good idea, because hackers know how to breach computer system security so they can find all the loopholes and glitches in existing security.
  - B. Good idea, because once they are offered a stable job they will stop hacking.
  - C. Bad idea, because they are very costly to hire.
  - D. Bad idea, because their demonstrated lack of ethics and disrespect of law creates a risk that they will use their access to company's computers for illegal or unethical purposes.

## **Answer: D**

- **5.** What activity increase your risk of having your identity stolen?
  - A. Sending private information via unencrypted e-mail.
  - B. Posting a resume with your SSN on Facebook.
  - C. Engaging in e-commerce with sites that do not use the https protocol.
  - D. All the above.

- **6.** What is a techniques used to steal personal and financial information via computer and the Internet?
  - A. Phishing
  - B. Pharming

- C. Spoofing
- D. All of the above.

**Answer: D** 

- 7. What may prevent identity theft?
  - A. Authentication of e-mail and Web sites.
  - B. Use of encryption to securely store and send data.
  - C. Use of biometrics for authentication of computer users.
  - D. All the above.

**Answer: D** 

- **8.** What property is vulnerable to theft with help of computer and Internet?
  - A. National property.
  - B. Physical property.
  - C. Intellectual property.
  - D. None of the above.

**Answer:** C

- **9.** What laws, if any, extend protection of intellectual property rights in the U.S. to individual authors and inventors?
  - A. Constitution of the U.S.
  - B. U.S. Patent Act.
  - C. Digital Millennium Copyright Act.
  - D. All the above.

- **10.** Fair Use Doctrine:
  - A. allows less affluent customers to obtain copyrighted material for free.

- B. allows certain use of copyrighted material in classroom for non-profit, educational purposes.
- C. obligates buyers of copyrighted material to use it fairly.
- D. obligates the government to redistribute fairly all copyrighted material among the people..

#### **Answer: B**

- 11. The software that you wrote on your own for predicting of future stock prices:
  - A. should be free to everybody because it is needed by the entire population.
  - B. should be free to everybody because you will not lose anything while sharing it for free with others.
  - C. is your property and you are entitled to lease or sell it for profit.
  - D. is your property but you cannot sell it or lease it because it is not physical property and, therefore, has no value.

#### Answer: C

- 12. In a typical hi-tech product (like computer, cellphone, CD, or flu vaccine),
  - A. intellectual component has much higher monetary value than physical component.
  - B. physical component has much higher monetary value than intellectual component.
  - C. the values of physical component and intellectual component are about the same.
  - D. none of the above.

#### Answer: A

- 13. A major factor that contributed to high living standards in the U.S. was:
  - A. strong protection of intellectual property rights that encouraged inventions and progress in new technologies.
  - B. extensive use of technology, including digital technology, in order to boost productivity of the humans.
  - C. monopoly of access of the American people to superior technology.
  - D. all the above.

- **14.** Off-shoring of computer software jobs
- A. had a suppressing effect on wages of American programmers because it drove down industry Copyright © 2011 Dr. Marek A. Suchenek. All rights reserved.

demand on domestic programmers.

- B. was made possible by the development of the Internet, which allowed transfer of gargantuan amount of information (and intellectual property) in a very short time.
- C. Contributed to U.S. trade deficit because it increased supply of and competition from foreign computer software.
- D. all the above.