

Calculation of average waiting time W_{avg}

$$W_{avg} = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n T_{wait} (P_i) \right)$$

where

$T_{wait} (P_i)$ is the time P_i sits in the ready queue during its current CPU burst.

Let

$T_{arrive} (P_i)$ - the time P_i arrived to the ready queue

$T_{depart} (P_i)$ - the time P_i completed its CPU burst

$T_{CPUburst} (P_i)$ - the length of CPU burst of P_i

$T_{around} (P_i)$ - the turnaround time of P_i

We have :

$$T_{around} (P_i) = T_{depart} (P_i) - T_{arrive} (P_i)$$

but also:

$$T_{around} (P_i) = T_{CPUburst} (P_i) + T_{wait} (P_i)$$

So

$$T_{wait} (P_i) = T_{around} (P_i) - T_{CPUburst} (P_i) = T_{depart} (P_i) - T_{arrive} (P_i) - T_{CPUburst} (P_i)$$

or

$$T_{wait} (P_i) = T_{depart} (P_i) - T_{arrive} (P_i) - T_{CPUburst} (P_i)$$

Hence

$$\sum_{i=1}^n T_{wait} (P_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n T_{depart} (P_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n T_{arrive} (P_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n T_{CPUburst} (P_i)$$

Let's assume that CPU does not idle and T_n is the last process that completed its CPU burst. Then

$$\sum_{i=1}^n T_{CPUburst} (P_i) = T_{depart} (P_n)$$

So,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n T_{wait} (P_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n T_{depart} (P_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n T_{arrive} (P_i) - T_{depart} (P_n)$$

or

$$\sum_{i=1}^n T_{wait} (P_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} T_{depart} (P_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n T_{arrive} (P_i)$$

Therefore

$$W_{avg} = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} T_{depart} (P_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n T_{arrive} (P_i) \right)$$

In the case when all the processes arrived at the same time 0 to the ready queue,

$\sum_{i=1}^n T_{\text{arrive}}(P_i) = 0$ and the above formula simplifies to

$$W_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} T_{\text{depart}}(P_i) \right)$$